View looking west across the Old Campus Quadrangle, with Villard Hall at right.
LANDSCAPE AREA SITE MAP — Highlighting existing elements from the period of significance (1876-1974).

- The last of the Condon Oaks, adopted as class of 1897 class tree.
- Class stone of 1893
- Class of 1892, Sequoia Tree
- Class of 1895, European Linden Tree
- The only remaining “Dollar Tree,” this maple was planted during the Inception Era by the university’s janitor under a program where he was paid $1 to plant a tree and another $1 if it survived
- The “Bison” sculpture by Keith E. Stephens, 1958
- Basalt pillar, formerly the support for the bust of W.R.B. Wilcox by Oliver Barret
- A designated Wildlife Tree
- Hello Walk
- Class fountain of 1913
- Class fountain of 1920
- The “Pioneer” sculpture by Alexander Phimster Proctor, 1918
- Japanese Maple (circa 1920-1930)

LEGEND

BIKE RACKS 🔴
TRASH CANS 🔴
NEWS STANDS 🔴
SMALL SCALE FEATURES FROM PERIOD OF SIGNIFICANCE 🔴
SMALL SCALE FEATURES AFTER PERIOD OF SIGNIFICANCE 🔴
PLAQUES AND MEMORIALS FROM PERIOD OF SIGNIFICANCE 🔴
PLAQUES AND MEMORIALS AFTER PERIOD OF SIGNIFICANCE 🔴
BENCHES FROM PERIOD OF SIGNIFICANCE 🔴
BENCHES AFTER PERIOD OF SIGNIFICANCE 🔴
MEMORIAL BENCHES AFTER PERIOD OF SIGNIFICANCE 🔴
TREES FROM PERIOD OF SIGNIFICANCE 🔴
MEMORIAL TREES AFTER PERIOD OF SIGNIFICANCE 🔴
CAMPUS TREES AFTER PERIOD OF SIGNIFICANCE 🔴
UNIVERSITY STANDARD LIGHTPOSTS 🔴
NON-UNIVERSITY STANDARD LIGHTPOSTS 🔴
LANDSCAPE AREA BOUNDARY 🔴

*note: Period of Significance refers to the project period of 1876-1974.*
SUMMARY OF EXISTING HISTORIC FEATURES

The Old Campus Quadrangle is a good example of the Picturesque Era of campus planning, and is home to a collection of the oldest buildings on campus. The Quad began to take its shape during the Inception Era when buildings like Deady, Villard, Fenton, Friendly, McClure (no longer extant) and Mechanical Halls (now part of Lawrence) began to form an edge around a large, central open space. The circulation routes and plantings of the Quadrangle have always had an informal and asymmetrical character. Trees, the majority of which were coniferous, and lawns replaced the open field that predated the Quad, with extensive tree planting initiated in 1884 and continued in 1900. Many class trees and memorials from the university’s early history are associated with the Quad, providing this landscape area with the forest-like appearance seen today and a high level of historic integrity.

Last of the Condon Oaks

"The Pioneer" by Alexander Phimister Proctor

The class of 1913 fountain between Deady and Fenton Halls
RESOURCE HISTORY

ERA(S) OF GREATEST SIGNIFICANCE

Designated Eras within the Period of Historic Significance Determined for this Survey (1876-1974) are listed below. Check the era/eras determined to be of highest significance for this landscape area.

- [x] Inception Era (1876-1913)
- [ ] Lawrence/Cuthbert Era (1914-1946)
- [ ] Mid-Century Era (1947-1974)

DATE(S) OF CONSTRUCTION DURING ERA(S) OF SIGNIFICANCE

1876: Deady Hall constructed
1886: Villard Hall constructed
1890: the Gymnasium constructed - later becomes the Women's Gym
1893: Friendly Hall constructed
1900: more than 100 trees are planted on campus, many within the Old Campus Quad
1901: Mechanical Hall constructed
1906: Fenton Hall constructed

ERA DESCRIPTION:

The Inception Era (1876-1913)

The Old Campus Quad began as an open field with a cluster of 2 trees known as the Condon Oaks, and was eventually transformed into a naturalistic reforested site. At the end of this era the landscape was dominated by conifers with patches of ornamental shrub beds, interspersed throughout with lawn. Class trees contributed to the forest-like appearance and fulfilled the suggestions of Dr. John Straub, past professor, dean and university president. Paths were informal and composed of gravel or wood. Small scale elements such as the class of 1913 fountain, the “Senior Bench”, and the class stone of 1893 were in place. A loop road ran in front of the buildings along the Quad and connected to 13th Avenue, which featured streetcar tracks running down its center. Villard, Deady and Fenton fronted Hello Walk and formed the western edge of the Quad. The eastern edge was formed by Friendly, McClure, the Girl’s Gym and the Electrical Building, of which only Friendly survives today.

An image from the Inception Era shows the class of 1910 or “Senior Bench” in front of Fenton Hall.
ERA DESCRIPTION:

The Lawrence/Cuthbert Era (1914-1946)

At the end of this era the Old Campus Quad was one of three quadrangles on campus, and unique in that it retained its informal forest-like quality. Photographs depict a landscape of large mature conifers and flowering shrubs. All paths appear to be concrete and informal in character, and vehicles were no longer allowed into the area. The Pioneer statue was sited in 1919 and several large firs rose out of the lawn behind it. Lawrence chose this location to emphasize the composition of existing buildings and to link to his campus plan. No new buildings were added to the Quad’s western edge, but more dramatic changes took place on the eastern side. There, Lawrence’s Art and Architecture building continued to grow and eventually replaced the Girl’s Gym. In 1915 Johnson Hall, the new administration building, became the southern terminus of the Quad. The landscaping associated with Johnson Hall was more formal and symmetrical than the rest of the quad. The Japanese Maple outside Johnson was planted c. 1920-1930. 13th Avenue became a busy street, even after the streetcar was removed. The Southern Pacific Railroad also moved its tracks to the other side of the Mill Race and built the retaining wall. Cuthbert envisioned a tunnel under Franklin Boulevard connecting the Quad to the beautifully landscaped millrace area. This plan never came to fruition.

ERA DESCRIPTION:

The Mid-Century Era (1947-1974)

At the conclusion of this era, the Quad would have looked much younger than it did in the previous era. This was largely due to the effects of the 1962 Columbus Day Storm, which toppled many of the large conifers in the Quad. Shortly before the end of the era a new planting plan was devised by landscape architecture faculty member Wallace M. “Mack” Ruff, retaining the forest-like character of the Quad. The Quad remained a forest and lawn landscape with many small, newly planted trees intermixed among the mature survivors of the Columbus Day Storm. The new species included dogwoods, flowering cherries, and magnolias. Building changes occurred again on the Quad’s eastern edge with Allen Hall replacing McClure Hall and the continued expansion of Lawrence Hall. The configuration of paths on the site were somewhat simplified, but retained their original character. The title of “Hello Walk,” which had belonged to the path between Fenton and Deady Halls since the Inception Era, was transferred to the path leading to the EMU. On the southern end of the Quad 13th Avenue grew into a busy street, and on the northern end Franklin Boulevard expanded into the space vacated by railroad tracks.
DESCRIPTION OF LANDSCAPE CHARACTERISTICS

LAND USE
Describing both the historic and current use of the Area.

The Quadrangle was the formal university outdoor space during the Inception Era. Many campus traditions were associated with the Quad, such as commencement exercises, the Junior Weekend All-Campus Picnic, the annual campus play, Maypole dances, senior drills, and the Faculty Musical Concert. The southern terminus served as the formal entry to Johnson Hall (1915). Today the Quadrangle is used primarily by pedestrians and serves as a quiet refuge from the surrounding bustle of campus activities.

DESIGN INTENT
Describing the overall design intent of the Area.

The design intention of the Old Campus Quad was to create a unique campus landscape area in keeping with Picturesque Era ideals, and was planted informally in the nature of a forest. Ellis Lawrence incorporated this space without much change into his various campus plans with the intention of eventually connection to the millrace according to Cuthbert’s plans. Today it accommodates pedestrian circulation and provides a contemplative space to stop and relax between classes.

SPATIAL ORGANIZATION
Describing the arrangement of physical elements that create a three-dimensional sense of space.

The quad consists primarily of large, informally planted trees limbed off the ground, affording wide-angle views through the landscape. Clearings are found in amongst the mature trees.

TOPOGRAPHY & SITE ORIENTATION
Describe/document gradient, slope orientation and solar access.

The orientation of the rectangular quad is north-south. A retaining wall on the north end provides the stability for the primarily flat site. It has a slight slope of no more than 2% that falls to the east (see diagram below). The large, mature conifers of the site provide little solar access into the interior of the Quad, with the southern entry to the site providing the greatest solar access.

VEGETATION
Describing tree, plant, shrub, ground layer groupings and arrangements.

The quadrangle has an informal landscape arrangement, consisting primarily of conifers with sporadic understory plantings. The large conifers are interspersed throughout a patchwork of lawn. The grass has been removed from the drip line of the conifers to create islands of forest-like duff. Notable trees include the last of the Condon Oaks, where Hillyard Shaw, an agent for the Hudson’s Bay Company and one of the first settlers in Lane County built his home. Other trees include...
various “Dollar Trees” and class trees (map p. 2). A Japanese Maple and London Planetree line the walk leading to the Johnson Hall entry, whose landscaping is more formal and symmetrical than the rest of the Quad.

**NATURAL SYSTEMS AND FEATURES**
Describing natural processes, water flow, and habitat, if applicable.

The forest-like qualities of the Old Campus Quad provide some of the best wildlife habitat on campus for bird and mammal species. In fact, this Quad is part of a designated wildlife corridor that runs south from the millrace to the Pioneer Cemetery. There is one designated wildlife tree within this Quad (map p. 2).

A slight slope pushes water towards the eastern edge of the site. Excluding large storm events, most of the stormwater has time to percolate into the soil. The largely permeable ground layer supports many large and healthy trees, despite the winter’s high water table.

**BUILDINGS/STRUCTURES**
Describing built physical elements in and around perimeter of the Area, and their relationship to the landscape.

Many prominent entries of adjacent buildings face the Old Campus Quad, including Deady Hall, Villard Hall, Fenton Hall, Allen Hall and Lawrence Hall. At three and four stories, these buildings provide a sense of enclosure to the space. Mature trees and plantings near building foundations help integrate the structures into the landscape.

**SMALL-SCALE ELEMENTS**
Describing elements such as monuments, markers, seating, fences etc.

Memorial plaques, most notable of which are from the classes of 1897 and 1900, along with many benches and trees are interspersed within the quad. The most historically significant small-scale elements include: the Pioneer statue, sculpted by Alexander Phimster Proctor and set in 1918 on a base of McKenzie River basalt; class stone of 1893, from Spencer Butte; and the class fountains of 1913 and 1920.

**EDGE CONDITIONS AND ADJACENCIES**
Describing the perimeter of the site and important adjacent connections to spaces beyond.

The northern boundary of the site is perched 10-15 feet above Franklin Boulevard and opens to views beyond. The western edge is defined by three of the oldest buildings on campus, with generous spaces between the buildings. A mixture of buildings from multiple eras defines the eastern edge, with comparably less space between them. The southern edge of the Old Campus Quad is defined by 13th Avenue and Johnson Hall.

**CIRCULATION**
Describing movement paths and associated materials for: pedestrian; automobile; bicycle; other (e.g. system, alignment, materials, character).

Two linear pathways running north-south define the Quad’s eastern and western edges, with numerous pedestrian paths crossing the center (see diagram on page 6). The southern portion of the Quad is bisected by 13th Avenue, which is one of the most heavily trafficked bicycle and pedestrian routes on campus. All of the pathways are made of concrete, however there is one unofficial, unpaved path that links the northern portion of Villard Hall to the northern portion of Lawrence Hall.

Historically, the concrete pathway that runs along the western edge of the Old Campus Quad was referred to as “Hello Lane”. This pathway, which was heavily used, was given this name because underclassmen were required to greet senior students along this axis or risk getting thrown into the “frosh pond” (the former Carson’s Lake).

**VIEWS/VISTAS**
Describing focal points and views to and from the Area.

The northern edge overlooks Franklin Boulevard providing open views to the Millrace area. Linear vistas are aligned with the walkways along the eastern and western edges of the Quad (see diagram on page 6). Opportunistic, picturesque views are abundant throughout the Quad. Views from the west to the east are often obstructed but open up along the pathways. The entries of Friendly and Fenton Halls are axially aligned to view the Pioneer statue. The Pioneer statue is also axially aligned with Johnson Hall and the Pioneer Mother statue sited directly behind Johnson Hall. The Pioneer statue is a focal point for pedestrians passing by the Old Campus Quad along 13th Avenue, and this view is enhanced at night by dramatic backlighting.
DETERMINATION OF SIGNIFICANCE

CURRENT HISTORIC DESIGNATION

☐ City Landmark
☐ National Register - full listing
☐ National Register - partial listing
☒ National Register - partial listing
name: Deady and Villard Halls
☐ National Historic Landmark
☐ No historic designation

NATIONAL REGISTER CRITERIA

Criterion A: Significant Events
Describe events with the landscape area that have influenced the broad patterns of campus history.

The Old Campus Quad is the oldest and largest intact designed open space on campus. It meets criterion A for its association with the beginnings of the University of Oregon and its continued use as a campus open space. It is directly associated with two National Historic Landmarks – Deady and Villard Halls, which represent the establishment of the University. The Quad has been the site of innumerable campus activities from commencements to large university-wide picnics.

Criterion B: Significant People
Describe connections with the lives of significant persons, including designers.
Not Applicable

Criterion C: Distinctive Characteristics
Describe elements that embody the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction, or that represent the work of a master, or that possess high artistic values.

The Old Campus Quad meets criterion C for its association with the original campus landscape plan and later its role in Ellis Lawrence’s campus plan. The Quadrangle is distinctive in its Picturesque Era design, and unique on the university campus. It incorporates the scheme of Dr. John Straub, professor (1878-1934), past University of Oregon President and Dean, who advocated that the campus planting in the Quad should approximate a forest-like appearance. After the 1962 Columbus Day Storm, landscape architect, Wallace M. “Mack” Ruff, designed the planting plan to revitalize the Quad. Other small scale elements of historic importance exist, such as the “Pioneer” statue, designed and completed in 1918 by Alexander Phimster Proctor.

LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE

Rank the landscape area in term of its level of contribution to the historic significance of the university campus as a whole.

☒ High Significance
Considerable contribution to the history of the campus and its growth.

☐ Medium Significance
Noteworthy contribution the history of the campus and its growth.

☐ Low Significance
Discernable contribution to the history of the campus and its growth.

☐ Very Low/No Significance
No discernable importance to the history of the campus and its growth.
DETERMINATION OF INTEGRITY

Integrity of the Landscape Area is evaluated based on the retention of the historic characteristics described in the categories below.

LOCATION / SETTING
Are important elements still in their original location and configuration?
Many important buildings and small scale elements are still in their original location. The Class of 1910 bench, which was originally located in the southern portion of the Old Campus Quad, has since been relocated to the Straub Hall Green. The majority of today’s circulation routes date back to the Inception Era, including the extant alignment of “Hello Lane”.

DESIGN
How has the general structure of the landscape changed since its period of significance?
The Old Campus Quad retains a high degree of design integrity, with the most notable changes involving the demolition of McClure Hall, the subsequent expansion of Allen Hall, and the many additions to Lawrence Hall. There is less lawn area now than during the Inception Era, which at that time extended up to the trunks of the many large trees.

MATERIALS
Are original materials/vegetation that were used to structure and shape the landscape still present?
The Quad contains many historic trees, the most notable of which are the Condon Oak and the Big-leaf maple near the eastern façade of Deady Hall.

There is significantly less lawn within the Quad than there was during the Inception Era, and many of the trees in this space are now underplanted with native shrubs and perennials.

WORKMANSHIP
Does the landscape retain characteristic workmanship from the period of significance?
The workmanship within the Quad is characteristic of the Inception Era, and includes many small scale elements and arrangements of vegetation.

FEELING
Does the landscape evoke the period of significance?
The Old Campus Quad quite effectively evokes a feeling of the Inception Era. The large trees, the surrounding buildings and the historic small scale elements within the Quad all lend the space a sense of antiquity.

ASSOCIATION
Is it possible to associate elements of the landscape with significant people/events?
The Old Campus Quad is the original large open space on the university campus. This space, as conceived by Professor John Straub, was to be planted informally and evoke the sense of a forest. Today, the Old Campus Quad still consists of an assortment of largely native and deciduous conifers.

INTEGRITY & CONDITION FINDINGS

HISTORIC INTEGRITY
Determine the level of historic integrity, based on the Era(s) of Significance – check one

- Excellent Integrity
  Retains a very high percentage of original fabric, and the original design intent is apparent.
- Good Integrity
  Retains a significant percentage of original fabric, with a discernable design intent.
- Fair Integrity
  Original fabric is present, but diminished.
- Poor Integrity
  Contains little historic fabric, and the original design intent is difficult to discern.

OVERALL CONDITION OF LANDSCAPE AREA
- check one

- Excellent
- Good
- Fair
- Poor
RESOURCES
— List all primary sources used (plans, maps, surveys, photographs, drawings, newspapers, periodicals, and autobiographies) and secondary sources (books, theses, guidebooks).

Aerial photograph of the University of Oregon, 1936. The University of Oregon Map Library, Aerial Photo Collection.
Aerial photograph of the University of Oregon, 1944. The University of Oregon Map Library, Aerial Photo Collection.
Aerial photograph of the University of Oregon, 1947. The University of Oregon Map Library, Aerial Photo Collection.
Aerial photograph of the University of Oregon, 1952. The University of Oregon Map Library, Aerial Photo Collection.
Aerial photograph of the University of Oregon, 1960. The University of Oregon Map Library, Aerial Photo Collection.
Aerial photograph of the University of Oregon, 1968. The University of Oregon Map Library, Aerial Photo Collection.

Dunton, F.E. and Schwan W.J., A Biological Map of the University of Oregon Campus: Showing the Specimen Trees on the Campus. July 1913. duplicate held by the University of Oregon Planning Office


Hendricks, Leland G. ed. The Oregana volume V (Eugene: the class of 1914, 1914).


Marshall Brothers, 1921 map of Campus, duplicate held by the University of Oregon Planning Office


The Oregana (Eugene: the class of 1945, 1945).

Oregon Emerald, October 20, 1917 “Farm Formerly Adjoined Deady Hall On The South” pg.1

Rice, Donald B. ed. The Oregana volume V (Eugene: the class of 1914, 1914).


University of Oregon, 1935 map of Campus, duplicate held by the University of Oregon Planning Office

University of Oregon, 1953 map of Campus, duplicate held by the University of Oregon Planning Office

The University of Oregon Catalogue: 1945-1946. Campus Map (Eugene, Oregon: University of Oregon, 1945)


Electronic version available on the University of Oregon Planning Office web page: http://uplan.uoregon.edu/projects/HLP/hlp-surveyoflandareas.htm

Survey research by Dustin Welch and Daniel Schaible.
Survey form completed in Spring 2006 under the supervision of Fletcher Farr Ayotte, Inc.
Edited by the University of Oregon Planning Office, Spring 2007.